C0. Introduction

C0.1

(C0.1) Give a general description and introduction to your organization.

The Cigna Group, together with its subsidiaries (either individually or collectively referred to as “Cigna,” the “Company,” “we,” “our,” or “us”) is a global health organization with a purpose and mission to improve the health and vitality of those we serve.

Our portfolio of offerings solves diverse challenges across the health care system. We offer a differentiated set of pharmacy, medical, behavioral, dental and supplemental products and services, primarily through two growth platforms: Evernorth Health Services and Cigna Healthcare. Our capabilities include: 1) a broad portfolio of solutions and services, some of which can be offered on a standalone basis; 2) integrated behavioral, medical and pharmacy management solutions; 3) leading specialty pharmacy, clinical and care management expertise; and 4) advanced analytics that help us engage more meaningfully with individuals, the plan sponsors we serve and our provider partners.

As of December 31, 2022, our total assets were $143.9 billion and shareholders’ equity was $44.8 billion. In 2022, we reported revenues of $180.5 billion. Our revenues are derived primarily from our pharmacy benefits management, premiums on insured products, and fees for products and services provided to self-insured plans.

This report contains forward-looking statements (within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements are based on current The Cigna Group expectations and projections about future trends, events and uncertainties. You may identify forward-looking statements by the use of words such as “believe,” “expect,” “plan,” “intend,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “predict,” “potential,” “may,” “should,” “will” or other words or expressions of similar meaning, although not all forward-looking statements contain such terms. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made, are not guarantees of future performance or results, and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict or quantify. Actual results may differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of factors, including those described in The Cigna Group Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, and other The Cigna Group filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, available on the Investor Relations section of www.TheCignaGroup.com. The Cigna Group undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by law. This report addresses a multitude of topics to meet the requests and interests of the wide range of The Cigna Group stakeholders. Due to the varied interests of these groups, this report includes certain information that The Cigna Group believes is not material to the company as such term is defined under applicable securities laws. Accordingly, the inclusion of information in this report should not be construed as a characterization regarding its materiality or significance for any other purpose, including for purposes of applicable securities laws.

C0.2

(C0.2) State the start and end date of the year for which you are reporting data and indicate whether you will be providing emissions data for past reporting years.

Reporting year

Start date
January 1 2022

End date
December 31 2022

Indicate if you are providing emissions data for past reporting years

No

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 1 emissions data for

<Not Applicable>

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 2 emissions data for

<Not Applicable>

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 3 emissions data for

<Not Applicable>

C0.3
Select the countries/areas in which you operate.
Australia
Bahrain
Belgium
Canada
Cayman Islands
China
France
Germany
Hong Kong SAR, China
India
Kenya
Kuwait
Lebanon
Malaysia
Oman
Singapore
Spain
Switzerland
United Arab Emirates
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
United States of America

Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response.
USD

Select the option that describes the reporting boundary for which climate-related impacts on your business are being reported. Note that this option should align with your chosen approach for consolidating your GHG inventory.
Operational control

Which activities does your organization undertake, and which industry sectors does your organization lend to, invest in, and/or insure?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Does your organization undertake this activity?</th>
<th>Insurance types underwritten</th>
<th>Industry sectors your organization lends to, invests in, and/or insures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Banking (Bank)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investing (Asset manager)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investing (Asset owner)</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurance underwriting (Insurance company)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Life and/or Health</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique identifier (e.g., Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicate whether you are able to provide a unique identifier for your organization</th>
<th>Provide your unique identifier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes, an ISIN code</td>
<td>US1255231003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Governance

Is there board-level oversight of climate-related issues within your organization?
Yes
(C1.1a) Identify the position(s) (do not include any names) of the individual(s) on the board with responsibility for climate-related issues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position of individual or committee</th>
<th>Responsibilities for climate-related issues</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Board-level committee</td>
<td>The highest level of responsibility within The Cigna Group for the management of climate-related issues is held by the Corporate Governance Committee of our Board of Directors. Specific responsibilities of the Corporate Governance Committee include oversight over our environmental, social and governance (ESG) framework and related environmental sustainability policies, practices, and initiatives. Within The Cigna Group Board of Directors, the Audit Committee also maintains oversight over enterprise risks, including but not limited to those related to climate change.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C1.1b) Provide further details on the board’s oversight of climate-related issues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency with which climate-related issues are a scheduled agenda item</th>
<th>Governance mechanisms into which climate-related issues are integrated</th>
<th>Scope of board-level oversight</th>
<th>Please explain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scheduled – some meetings</td>
<td>Reviewing and guiding strategy</td>
<td>Climate-related risks and opportunities to our own operations, The impact of our own operations on the climate.</td>
<td>The Corporate Governance Committee monitors the company’s social responsibility and environmental sustainability policies, practices and initiatives, reviews the annual ESG report, and periodically updates and makes recommendations to the Board with respect to such matters. The Committee is regularly updated on ESG considerations and feedback raised by shareholders, proxy advisory firms and other stakeholders. For example, The Cigna Group Environmental Policy, which references climate risks and opportunities, was formally reviewed by the Committee prior to publication. Additionally, the Committee and the full Board reviewed and indicated their support for our latest ESG strategy in 2021, which included a roadmap of programmatic initiatives to further our progress against our climate change and emissions topic. The Cigna Group has implemented practices so that the Board and its committees are regularly briefed on material issues related to the company’s risk profile. Environmental risk, including those associated with climate change, is an explicit risk, within the company’s enterprise risk register. The Cigna Group Chief Compliance &amp; Risk Officer meets with the Audit Committee regularly during its executive sessions and provides reporting to the Board at least annually. These reports are designed to provide visibility to the Board about the identification, assessment, monitoring, and management of critical risks, along with leadership’s risk mitigation strategies. Climate-related concerns may be addressed in the context of the company’s areas of focus, which includes strategic, operational, financial reporting, succession and compensation, cyber-security, compliance, reputational, governance, and other risks. Periodically, external surveys, emerging risk trends, and other pertinent content are shared with the Audit Committee during regular executive sessions. Additionally, the Audit Committee reviews our processes and controls. The Cigna Group full Board also receives periodic climate-related updates and maintains oversight on strategic, financial, and execution risks and exposures associated with the company’s business strategy, including impact of emerging, new or changing laws and regulations, significant litigation and regulatory exposures, and other current matters that may present material risk to financial performance, operations, infrastructure, plans, prospects, reputation, acquisitions, and divestitures. The Cigna Group ESG Lead also works with the Office of Corporate Secretary to keep the entire Board apprised of relevant climate-related risks in addition to broader ESG trends.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scheduled – some meetings</td>
<td>Reviewing and guiding strategy</td>
<td>Overseeing the setting of corporate targets</td>
<td>The Corporate Governance Committee monitors the company’s social responsibility and environmental sustainability policies, practices and initiatives, reviews the annual ESG report, and periodically updates and makes recommendations to the Board with respect to such matters. The Committee is regularly updated on ESG considerations and feedback raised by shareholders, proxy advisory firms and other stakeholders. For example, The Cigna Group Environmental Policy, which references climate risks and opportunities, was formally reviewed by the Committee prior to publication. Additionally, the Committee and the full Board reviewed and indicated their support for our latest ESG strategy in 2021, which included a roadmap of programmatic initiatives to further our progress against our climate change and emissions topic. The Cigna Group has implemented practices so that the Board and its committees are regularly briefed on material issues related to the company’s risk profile. Environmental risk, including those associated with climate change, is an explicit risk, within the company’s enterprise risk register. The Cigna Group Chief Compliance &amp; Risk Officer meets with the Audit Committee regularly during its executive sessions and provides reporting to the Board at least annually. These reports are designed to provide visibility to the Board about the identification, assessment, monitoring, and management of critical risks, along with leadership’s risk mitigation strategies. Climate-related concerns may be addressed in the context of the company’s areas of focus, which includes strategic, operational, financial reporting, succession and compensation, cyber-security, compliance, reputational, governance, and other risks. Periodically, external surveys, emerging risk trends, and other pertinent content are shared with the Audit Committee during regular executive sessions. Additionally, the Audit Committee reviews our processes and controls. The Cigna Group full Board also receives periodic climate-related updates and maintains oversight on strategic, financial, and execution risks and exposures associated with the company’s business strategy, including impact of emerging, new or changing laws and regulations, significant litigation and regulatory exposures, and other current matters that may present material risk to financial performance, operations, infrastructure, plans, prospects, reputation, acquisitions, and divestitures. The Cigna Group ESG Lead also works with the Office of Corporate Secretary to keep the entire Board apprised of relevant climate-related risks in addition to broader ESG trends.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C1.1d) Does your organization have at least one board member with competence on climate-related issues?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Board member(s) have competence on climate-related issues</th>
<th>Criteria used to assess competence of board member(s) on climate-related issues</th>
<th>Primary reason for no board-level competence on climate-related issues</th>
<th>Explain why your organization does not have at least one board member with competence on climate-related issues and any plans to address board-level competence in the future</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>The Chair of the Corporate Governance Committee is an NACD-Certified Director and is credentialled in Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) and climate governance by NACD.</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C1.2
(C1.2) Provide the highest management-level position(s) or committee(s) with responsibility for climate-related issues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position or committee</th>
<th>Chief Risks Officer (CRO)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Climate-related responsibilities of this position**
- Integrating climate-related issues into the strategy
- Assessing climate-related risks and opportunities
- Managing climate-related risks and opportunities

**Coverage of responsibilities**
- Risks and opportunities related to our own operations

**Reporting line**
- Other, please specify (Our Chief Compliance and Risk Officer reports to our EVP and General Counsel, who reports directly to the CEO.)

**Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues via this reporting line**
- Annually

**Please explain**
Our Chief Compliance and Risk Officer assesses and helps manage climate-related risks and opportunities. This role is also part of our ESG Advisory Committee, which comprises several senior leaders from across the company to support the company’s ongoing commitment to environmental stewardship, health and safety, corporate social responsibility, and corporate governance. The Committee includes leaders such as our Global Chief Information Security Officer, Chief Compliance and Risk Officer, Chief Medical Officer, Chief Communications Officer, Chief Counsel and Corporate Secretary, Chief Accounting Officer, Head of Care Delivery, Head of DEI, Head of HR, Head of Government Affairs, and Head of Investor Relations. It also includes, among others, our Corporate Real Estate Managing Director who oversees our facilities-related environmental sustainability strategy and initiatives, manages the Corporate Real Estate Senior Director responsible for oversight of energy and emissions targets and reduction activities, and oversees our Environmental Policy Statement. Our Corporate Real Estate Managing Director reports directly to the EVP Operations.

Ultimately, the ESG Advisory Committee, with support from our ESG team, seeks to further integrate into and align sustainability with the company’s enterprise strategy and operations. The ESG Advisory Committee typically convenes as a full group a few times a year to review and discuss strategy, performance, and objectives with regards to ESG topics, including climate-related issues. Our ESG Lead also meets with Committee members throughout the year to support the ongoing identification and monitoring of ESG risks and opportunities at The Cigna Group.

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(C1.3) Do you provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues, including the attainment of targets?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Since 2014, The Cigna Group has provided financial incentives to support reducing our operational footprint and advancing our ESG framework.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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(CD1)
(C1.3a) Provide further details on the incentives provided for the management of climate-related issues (do not include the names of individuals).

**Entitled to incentive**
- Environment/Sustainability manager

**Type of incentive**
- Monetary reward

**Incentive(s)**
- Bonus – set figure

**Performance indicator(s)**
- Progress towards a climate-related target
- Achievement of a climate-related target
- Implementation of an emissions reduction initiative
- Reduction in absolute emissions
- Energy efficiency improvement
- Increased share of renewable energy in total energy consumption
- Reduction in total energy consumption

**Incentive plan(s) this incentive is linked to**
- Short-Term Incentive Plan

**Further details of incentive(s)**
Meeting our corporate energy and emission reduction targets is an incentivized performance indicator in The Cigna Group defined annual performance objectives (APOs) for our Corporate Real Estate Managing Director, Corporate Real Estate Senior Director, and Corporate Real Estate Advisor.

**Explain how this incentive contributes to the implementation of your organization’s climate commitments and/or climate transition plan**
As a global health company, we are keenly focused on the connection between planetary health and human health. Our operational sustainability targets will enable The Cigna Group to reduce its direct environmental impacts, including Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions, water and waste. By incentivizing our facilities managers to meet our energy and emission reduction targets, we can ensure real estate and building decisions are made with our climate goals in mind.

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**Entitled to incentive**
- Other, please specify (ESG Lead)

**Type of incentive**
- Monetary reward

**Incentive(s)**
- Bonus - % of salary

**Performance indicator(s)**
- Other (please specify) (Communication of strategy and performance)

**Incentive plan(s) this incentive is linked to**
- Short-Term Incentive Plan

**Further details of incentive(s)**
Communicating the company's strategy and performance on environmental sustainability and corporate responsibility issues externally, internally and to our Enterprise Leadership Team (who in turn reports on ESG annually to our Board's Corporate Governance Committee) is an annual performance objective (APO) for the ESG Lead.

**Explain how this incentive contributes to the implementation of your organization’s climate commitments and/or climate transition plan**
This incentive ensures The Cigna Group continues to show value and maintain the approval of internal and external stakeholders to implement initiatives to meet our climate goals.

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(C-FS1.4) Does your organization offer its employees an employment-based retirement scheme that incorporates ESG criteria, including climate change?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employment-based retirement scheme that incorporates ESG criteria, including climate change</th>
<th>Describe how funds within the retirement scheme are selected and how your organization ensures that ESG criteria are incorporated</th>
<th>Provide reasons for not incorporating ESG criteria into your organization’s employment-based retirement scheme and your plans for the future</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Please select</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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C2. Risks and opportunities

C2.1

(C2.1) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities?
- Yes
(C2.1a) How does your organization define short-, medium- and long-term time horizons?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>From (years)</th>
<th>To (years)</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Short-term</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>We typically consider the 1-3 year time horizon when establishing short-term objectives and monitoring near-term climate-related risks and opportunities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium-term</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>We typically consider the 4-6 year time horizon when establishing medium-term objectives and monitoring associated climate-related risks and opportunities that are not imminent in the short-term but are pertinent around the 5-year term.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>We typically consider the 7-10 year time horizon when establishing long-term objectives and monitoring associated climate-related risks and opportunities within a long-term time horizon. (While using a 7-10 year time horizon, we also try to look ahead toward economic, social and environmental trends over the next few decades that may affect our company and the health care industry.)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C2.1b) How does your organization define substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

A substantive financial or strategic impact on our business for the purposes of this report is defined as one that could have at least a 1% impact on our Shareholder’s Net Income (as presented in our Form 10-K filings). For the full year ended December 31, 2022, this threshold was approximately $67 million. We further assess risks against additional qualitative factors such as vulnerability to the occurrence, as well as the magnitude of impact and time horizon of the event occurring. Please note that our definition of ‘substantive’ in response to CDP questions regarding substantive climate-related risks, should not be interpreted as ‘material’ to our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows or, as described in US Securities and Exchange Commission SEC regulations, including but not limited to Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 99, or similar regulations in other jurisdictions.

C2.2
Describe your process(es) for identifying, assessing and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities.

Value chain stage(s) covered
Direct operations
Upstream
Downstream

Risk management process
Integrated into multi-disciplinary company-wide risk management process

Frequency of assessment
More than once a year

Time horizon(s) covered
Short-term
Medium-term
Long-term

Description of process
Identification: The Cigna Group uses both bottom-up and top-down approaches to identify climate-related risks and opportunities within the company. The Enterprise Business Continuity (BC) team maintains regular identification and oversight of any company-level risks (i.e., acute and chronic physical risks) related to climate change that may impact the company's physical assets, reputation, profitability, and access to capital.

Cross-functional perspectives from members of the ESG Advisory Committee provide additional assistance in the identification of company-wide market risks and opportunities related to climate change. The ESG Advisory Committee includes leaders from the company’s Enterprise Risk Management and Global Real Estate Teams, as well as our Chief Compliance and Risk Officer, Chief Counsel and Corporate Secretary, Chief Accounting Officer, and General Auditor. At the asset level, the Global Real Estate Sustainability Manager oversees our Inventory Management Program to identify additional climate-related risks and opportunities with the support of the ESG Lead. The ESG Lead works in tandem with the Office of the Corporate Secretary to review company-wide ESG topics that are material to the business, including those related to climate change. The ESG Lead reports to the Chief Counsel and Corporate Secretary who regularly presents to the Corporate Governance Committee of the Board on current ESG initiatives and to inform them of emerging environmental and climate-related risks and opportunities that could impact the company’s risk profile.

The company’s Risk Management Team also facilitates a formal annual review process for business stakeholders to identify physical, regulatory, and business risks which include, but are not limited to, energy and natural resource pricing, supply chain, and business continuity risks. Environmental risk, including risk drivers associated with climate change, is an explicit risk within the company’s enterprise risk register. Environmental risks are formally reviewed annually for relevance and accuracy, and updates on how the company is managing each environmental risk are provided on a quarterly basis.

Case Study: Increasing the energy efficiency of buildings in our real estate portfolio is an opportunity the company has identified to reduce our operating costs from energy consumption, reduce emissions generated from our buildings, and work towards our established environmental sustainability targets. With consultation with our ESG team, our Global Real Estate team works closely with our third-party facilities management team to identify energy reduction projects. The ESG team meets at least annually with subject matter experts in business continuity planning, supply chain, and business operations areas to share information on ESG strategy and help identify climate-related opportunities for continuous improvement for those we serve.

Assessing: The Cigna Group Enterprise BC team is responsible for developing, maintaining, and implementing business continuity and disaster recovery strategies and solutions. This work includes risk assessments, business impact analyses, strategy selection, and documentation of business continuity and disaster recovery procedures. We consider global environmental and socioeconomic trends, which may impact the value of our assets and the revenue and costs in our target markets. The company also has an Enterprise Risk Management team that assesses physical, regulatory, technological, and reputational climate-related risks and opportunities annually using various quantitative and qualitative factors including magnitude of the risk, the time horizon in which it will occur, and the vulnerability of the organization to the risk. Once the risk or opportunity is assessed, the applicable owner is responsible for reviewing the assessment, which is then used to develop the response plans.

Responding: The Cigna Group responds to climate-related risks and opportunities through a decision-making process with respect to mitigation, transfer, acceptance and/or control of potential climate change risks and opportunities which considers the degree of potential regulatory, physical, and other business impacts to the company identified through the assessment stage. We consider all geographic locations and markets where we operate, in addition to potential new markets, during the evaluation. The company’s BC team sets forth plans and procedures for the continuation of business functions and the use of supporting technology to recover critical business processes in the event of hurricanes, wildfires, and other unexpected disruptions, including pandemics. The plans and procedures are updated and documented annually, and the enterprise-wide recovery strategies are conducted on an annual basis. Our Global Real Estate team has a formal process for proposing, evaluating and budgeting for consumption reduction projects that serve as opportunities to improve the efficiency of our operations and support our environmental sustainability targets.
(C2.3a) Which risk types are considered in your organization’s climate-related risk assessments?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk type</th>
<th>Relevant, always included</th>
<th>Please explain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current regulation</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>As a global company, we consider potential risks and opportunities associated with current climate-related legislative and regulatory changes across local, regional and national landscapes. The ESG and Global Real Estate teams together monitor potential changes in current climate-related regulations including those most applicable to The Cigna Group operations pertaining to energy efficiency, energy consumption reporting, water security, and green building codes and standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emerging regulation</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>We consider potential risks and opportunities associated with emerging regulations. Emerging regulatory risks The Cigna Group has identified and reviewed include the proposed Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) climate reporting rules that require public companies to disclose climate-related information in their SEC filings, the EU’s Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD), and the State of California’s proposed legislation around Scope 3 emissions. There is an increasing demand to respond to climate-related disclosures, which are growing in complexity. To meet these increasingly complex reporting disclosures could require additional labor and costs. Our ESG team reviews and monitors this risk to ensure mandatory climate reporting requirements are met.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Technology</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>We consider potential technology risks and opportunities in the context of industry trends that might impact our business model and ability to deliver upon our mission to improve our customers’ health and vitality. An example of a technology risk that we have identified and assessed is the potential for the company’s data and call centers to be impacted by climate-related weather events, resulting in power outages and operational disruptions. To mitigate this risk, The Cigna Group has ensured the provision of back-up generators for all business critical facilities to be able to continue our business operations through climate-related events. Additionally, The Cigna Group operates multiple, geographically distributed data centers, each of which is hardened to withstand the impact of significant climate-related weather events. Each data center is equipped with redundant electrical utility supplies, redundant uninterruptible power supplies (UPSes) equipped with sizable battery backups, redundant telecommunications services, and robust emergency generator capability. Our hardened data center portfolio is integral to the company’s ability to provide fast and reliable health care products and services in a secure manner throughout any climate-related disruptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Legal</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>The Cigna Group Legal team works collaboratively with the ESG team to consider potential climate-related legal risks. Examples of the type of risks considered include those related to compliance with rapidly evolving laws and regulations relative to disclosures. We will continue to assess climate-related legal risks and their applicability to our business.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Market</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>The subject matter experts from our ESG Advisory Committee in the areas of Risk Management, Global Real Estate, and Supply Chain Management work with our ESG team to monitor potential climate-related market risks that may impact our business and financial performance. Examples of the type of risks considered in our assessment include those related to changing consumer behavior and the increasing cost of energy, fuel, and raw materials. The company’s Global Real Estate and Procurement teams monitor the energy market fluctuations as well as any spikes in energy consumption. Additionally, the Global Real Estate team identifies and implements new energy efficiency and capital reinvestment measures to be more resilient to market changes and to meet our 2030 and 2040 climate goals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reputation</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>The ESG Lead works closely with our Chief Counsel and Corporate Secretary, other members of our ESG Advisory Committee, and our Investor Relations team to monitor climate-related reputational risks. Examples of the type of risks considered in our assessment include potential reputational risks among our investors, analysts, employees, employer clients, health plan customers, health care professionals, community partners, as well as the news media. We consider potential climate-related reputational risks to be substantive but continue to mitigate the effects through our ongoing transition planning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute physical</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>Cross-functional departments, including the company’s Risk Management, Global Real Estate, Enterprise Business Continuity and Information Technology teams, consider and develop mitigation strategies to address potential acute physical risks associated with climate change. As part of our mitigation strategy, the company’s Business Continuity and Data Center Recovery plans are updated annually and outline procedures for data recovery, continuation of business functions, and the use of supporting technology to recover critical business processes in the event of acute physical climate-related disasters. Examples of the type of risks considered in our assessment include rising sea levels, rising mean temperatures, changes in precipitation patterns (including droughts), and extreme variability in weather patterns. These chronic physical risks could not only impact the company’s operational facilities, but also the people we serve, our suppliers, and government partners. The Cigna Group is focused on the planning and building of resilient systems to mitigate chronic physical risks. Our physical buildings are hardened to withstand such impacts, and the underlying technology systems maintain a resiliency posture that is built into the IT architecture of those systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chronic physical</strong></td>
<td>Relevant, always included</td>
<td>Cross-functional departments including the company’s Risk Management, Global Real Estate, Enterprise Business Continuity and Technology teams consider and develop mitigation strategies to address potential chronic physical risks associated with climate change. Examples of the type of risks considered in our assessment include rising sea levels, rising mean temperatures, changes in precipitation patterns (including droughts), and extreme variability in weather patterns. These chronic physical risks could not only impact the company’s operational facilities, but also the people we serve, our suppliers, and government partners. The Cigna Group is focused on the planning and building of resilient systems to mitigate chronic physical risks. Our physical buildings are hardened to withstand such impacts, and the underlying technology systems maintain a resiliency posture that is built into the IT architecture of those systems.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C-FS2.2b) Do you assess your portfolio’s exposure to climate-related risks and opportunities?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk type</th>
<th>We assess the portfolio’s exposure</th>
<th>Explain why your portfolio’s exposure is not assessed and your plans to address this in the future</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Banking (Bank)</strong></td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Investing (Asset manager)</strong></td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Investing (Asset owner)</strong></td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Insurance underwriting (Insurance company)</strong></td>
<td>Please select</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C-FS2.2b) Have you identified any inherent climate-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Yes

(C2.3) Have you identified any inherent climate-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Yes

(C2.3a) Provide details of risks identified with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.

**Identifier**

**Risk 1**

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?

Direct operations

**Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver**

| Acute physical | Cyclone, hurricane, typhoon |

Primary potential financial impact

Decreased revenues due to reduced production capacity
Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification
Operational risk

Company-specific description

The Cigna Group, as a global health organization, has operations and facilities in geographical areas that are subject to natural hazards and extreme weather events. In a high-carbon scenario where the global temperature increases more than 2°C above pre-industrial levels, the frequency, length, and severity of hurricanes will likely be exacerbated and could impact our business services distribution capacities and have potential to cause damage to physical assets in our high-risk locations. Over the past four years, The Cigna Group has experienced approximately $1.5M in direct physical and business operation loss costs related to natural disasters events in these high-risk locations. The Cigna Group completes an annual due diligence review of its operations by partnering with our insurance brokers and internal subject matter experts to evaluate the exposures of our key locations, risk tolerance, industry benchmarking data, historical loss trends, plus an assessment of coverages available in the insurance marketplace to ensure the most effective risk financing solutions are implemented. Additionally, these risks are mitigated and managed through our Enterprise Business Continuity and Global Risk Management teams that have built out processes to prepare our operations in the wake of business disruptions. We also understand that climate change and environmental acute physical risks may pose unique challenges to clients and communities – specifically health and public health systems. In the event of extreme hurricanes and flooding disasters, the execution of the company's Customer Disaster Response Program may result in making temporary policy changes, such as waiving various medical requirements, assisting with replacement medications, transferring prescriptions, and expanding its help line to proactively address customer service issues and provide personal assistance and support for all affected by a disaster.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
Very likely

Magnitude of impact
Low

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
1500000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
To estimate the financial impact figure, we analyzed historical loss data of our operations that have experienced losses due to extreme weather events. We estimate resulting physical and operational loss from extreme weather events to be approximately $1.5M over the past four years. The Cigna Group has not experienced any losses related to natural hazard type events that have exceeded our insurance deductible, however, Global Risk Management manually tracks losses within this deductible. In review of those losses, Global Risk Management has evidence of three losses related to hurricane and wind prone events. In 2022, we incurred extra expenses as a result of Hurricane Ian in Florida. In 2020, our Chattanooga, TN facility was impacted by a tornado that resulted in losses valued at ~$300,000. In 2019, Hurricane Dorian’s financial impacts were approximately $1.18M, where mostly Accredo and eviCore incurred extra expenses and small business interruptions occurred as a result of the storm.

Cost of response to risk
2400000

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
Our response to this risk is conducted by our Business Continuity and Data Center Recovery plans which are updated annually and outline procedures for data recovery, continuation of business functions, and supporting technology to recover critical business processes. Our Global Risk Management, Corporate Security and Enterprise Business Continuity teams work with all of our owned, leased and managed assets that are deemed as business critical to develop risk profiles. At the client level, our Accredo specialty pharmaceutical provider for patients with complex health conditions has business continuity and disaster recovery plans in place, which are consistently reviewed and modified as needed. Accredo has invested in inventory for items such as critical life sustaining medications in multiple locations, to ensure that should natural disaster strike, the business does not rely on one location to deliver therapy types to patients. In addition to our Accredo specialty pharmacy, our Express Scripts Home Delivery, where prescriptions are filled and delivered to members via mail delivery service uses its Business Continuity Plan as it relates to climate change, natural disasters and weather-related incident. In these situations, we leverage an alternate dispensing pharmacy within our network to dispense prescriptions and allow for minimal patient impact.

Case study: Hurricane or flooding events could cause a range of disruptions to business operations and severely damage assets. Task: Mitigate the risk of business interruptions, asset loss and to support our impacted members. Action: To mitigate and respond to the risk, The Cigna Group purchases insurance at levels that are reasonable and customary for a health organization our size, which includes coverage for property and business interruption losses. At the time of a crisis, TX360, a threat monitoring and situational awareness platform, is leveraged to monitor threats near our key sites with Everbridge being utilized as our mass notification system. Result & Cost Calculation: Of our top ten exposed locations due to wind/tornado and hurricanes, 99.9% of our insurable values at these operations have emergency backup generator systems currently valued at ~$8.19M which includes improvements of ~$2.4M of new generator systems over the last three years. Through updated planning, investments, management of our disaster recovery response and having adequate insurance coverage, the risks are mitigated.

Comment

Identifier
Risk 2

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Market</th>
<th>Uncertainty in market signals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Primary potential financial impact
Increased indirect (operating) costs

Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification
Market risk

Company-specific description
Uncertainty in the price of energy and fuel could continue to increase our direct and indirect operating costs. It is expected that electricity rates will rise as utilities and regulators make improvements to the electricity grid to increase resiliency against climate-related weather events and as broad electrification increases to reduce GHG emissions. Additionally, we consider geo-political impacts on the price of fuel, and how the use of transportation in our operations will be impacted by rising prices of fuel.

Due to the rising economic prices of oil and gas globally in recent years, this risk has been identified as having a moderate-very high probability of occurrence. In 2022, the company’s utility spend was approximately $22 million which is anticipated to increase based on current market trends. Through internal forecasted analysis, we anticipate that utility grid improvements and upgrades could potentially pose a substantive impact on the company’s electricity bills in the medium-term time frame, due to the prolonged time it will take for utilities and regulators to make such transformative changes.

Time horizon
Medium-term

Likelihood
Virtually certain

Magnitude of impact
Low

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
67000000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
The estimated financial impact resulting from increasing energy costs due to climate-related changes was found to have a low magnitude of impact over the next four years as we have projected our future energy spend could potentially result in the approximate 1% decrease in net income, making it substantive for The Cigna Group. This estimation was found through analyzing increasing standard projections which we conduct annually. In 2022, 1% of the company’s net income was $67 million.

Cost of response to risk
50000

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
The Cigna Group Procurement and Global Real Estate teams participate in competitive bids and reverse auctions on energy in deregulated markets where The Cigna Group holds the operational control of the building. Contracts are locked in for terms ranging from 2 to 3 years depending on favorable market rates to keep our energy costs controlled. In 2022, we renewed eight contracts to help mitigate volatility. This effort is projected to save approximately $325,000 annually compared to not having a contract and relying on market conditions. Further, our new contracts starting in 2023 will have a renewable energy credit purchase built into the contract where feasible and available.

The Global Real Estate and Procurement teams, alongside our facility management partner, monitor and advise on fluctuations in the market. The Global Real Estate team uses software called Envizi to capture trend information so we can monitor spikes in energy usage and respond accordingly. We also participate in a national energy benchmarking program, ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager, to benchmark the company’s building performance with other similar buildings nationwide to help us optimize our sites accordingly. Additionally, we use a variety of internal and external mechanisms to help identify utility variations in consumption, charges, tariffs and taxes. We not only conduct internal evaluations of site level data, but we work with a third party and use a comprehensive historical and ongoing utility bill audit that delve into energy usages and costs. With this program, we were able to identify inaccuracies and resolve them. In 2022, we identified recoveries of approximately $137,000 in our historical billing.

Also in 2022, we completed a market analysis to understand the risk that fluctuations in market conditions pose to energy budgets where The Cigna Group holds operational control of the building. The analysis confirmed our approach has been effective in managing exposure to market price fluctuations. The risk remaining relates to price fluctuations that we are not able to control. These fluctuations relate to utility fuel adjustment clauses, utility market-rate pass throughs, and other tariff mechanisms that utilities use to adjust their energy rates.

The cost of our response to this risk is an estimation based on the labor investment in negotiating contracts and costs for consulting services and the use of third party tools in 2022.

Comment
We also continue to focus on efficiency measures to manage energy costs. In 2022, The Cigna Group piloted a site energy scorecard program, starting with our major distribution center in Grove City, Ohio. The goal is to identify energy efficiency opportunities and optimize our building operations using automation platforms, such as WebCTRL. Plus, 50 pharmacy sites and 11 office locations currently use building management and automation programs to provide real time opportunities to make scheduling or set point changes to manage demand during peak load periods and allow for efficient operations.
(C2.4a) Provide details of opportunities identified with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.

**Identifier**

Opp1

**Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?**

Direct operations

**Opportunity type**

Energy source

**Primary climate-related opportunity driver**

Use of lower-emission sources of energy

**Primary potential financial impact**

Increased access to capital

**Company-specific description**

Our Global Real Estate team is guided by the company’s Strategic Sustainability Performance Plan and our environmental targets. In 2021, we set a target to reduce our Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 50% by 2030. Additionally, we set targets to become carbon neutral for Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2040, and to achieve 100% renewable electricity purchased by 2030 as part of our RE100 commitment (which we committed to in 2022). Increasing the use of renewable energy presents the opportunity to reduce emissions generated from our buildings, helping us achieve our climate goals.

**Time horizon**

Medium-term

**Likelihood**

More likely than not

**Magnitude of impact**

Low

**Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?**

Yes, a single figure estimate

**Potential financial impact figure (currency)**

0

**Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)**

<Not Applicable>

**Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)**

<Not Applicable>

**Explanation of financial impact figure**

In 2022, we purchased renewable energy certificates (RECs) to address 100% of our electricity usage at five of our most energy intensive locations: our data centers in Connecticut, Illinois, and Virginia; our largest pharmacy distribution center; and our Bloomfield, Connecticut, headquarters. Plus, 100% of the electricity at our colocation data center in New Jersey comes from renewable sources of energy. While there is likely a positive reputational impact from the transition to renewable energy sources and making progress toward our climate goals, we are estimating the financial impact figure to be zero given there are no cost or electricity savings from procuring RECs.

**Cost to realize opportunity**

800000

**Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation**

In support of our 2030 and 2040 climate targets, The Cigna Group developed a 10-year plan to strategically implement energy efficiency projects each year to achieve a minimum of 4.2% annual reduction in Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions. This annual reduction target was developed by first calculating a 50% reduction in our emissions inventory, divided over a 10-year period to achieve the minimum annual ambition of reduction. We then determined other factors that influence our carbon emissions in our value chain, to include portfolio optimization globally and grid greening factors relevant to our portfolio. By utilizing these factors, we found the total emissions removed from our value chain, and to bridge the gap, determined conscious actions needed to further reduce emissions to reach our annual target.

Cost calculation: The projected cumulative spend needed to reach our 2030 goals is estimated to be $20 million to reduce our emissions by 50% relative to our 2019 baseline. Factoring in energy conservation measures that have been and are anticipated to be implemented, carbon market changes/grid greening, and portfolio optimization, the magnitude of our investment would vary slightly. In 2022, we purchased nearly $800,000 in RECs as part of this opportunity.

**Comment**

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C3. Business Strategy

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C3.1
(C3.1) Does your organization’s strategy include a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world?

Row 1

Climate transition plan
No, but our strategy has been influenced by climate-related risks and opportunities, and we are developing a climate transition plan within two years

Publicly available climate transition plan
<Not Applicable>

Mechanism by which feedback is collected from shareholders on your climate transition plan
<Not Applicable>

Description of feedback mechanism
<Not Applicable>

Frequency of feedback collection
<Not Applicable>

Attach any relevant documents which detail your climate transition plan (optional)
<Not Applicable>

Explain why your organization does not have a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world and any plans to develop one in the future
The Cigna Group does not currently have a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world. However, we have a strategic sustainability plan designed to reduce our carbon footprint and gain operational efficiencies. Further, our environmental targets provide the company with a path to support long-term decarbonization of operations and the procurement of renewable energy. By 2030, we aim to achieve a 50% reduction in absolute scope 1 and 2 emissions (from a 2019 baseline) and achieve 100% renewable electricity. By 2040, The Cigna Group also aims to be carbon neutral for Scope 1 and 2 emissions. These targets are also aligned with 1.5-degree level of ambition of the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi). As we continue to analyze the results of our Scope 3 emissions inventory, we will begin evaluating a timeline to set science-based targets, including creating detailed decarbonization roadmaps and seeking validation from SBTi.

Explain why climate-related risks and opportunities have not influenced your strategy
<Not Applicable>

C3.2

(C3.2) Does your organization use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use of climate-related scenario analysis to inform strategy</th>
<th>Primary reason why your organization does not use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy</th>
<th>Explain why your organization does not use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy and any plans to use it in the future</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes, qualitative and quantitative</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C3.2a
(C3.2a) Provide details of your organization’s use of climate-related scenario analysis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Climate-related scenario analysis coverage</th>
<th>Temperature alignment of scenario</th>
<th>Parameters, assumptions, analytical choices</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Company-wide</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>IDENTIFICATION OF SCENARIOS: The Cigna Group evaluated the climate-related scenarios and the level of impacts to our company based on a 2-degree scenario (where companies and governments transition to a low carbon economy) and 4-degree scenario (where “business as usual” is maintained).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RCP 2.6</td>
<td></td>
<td>INPUTS, ASSUMPTIONS, AND ANALYTICAL CHOICES: The inputs used in our climate-related scenarios were based on the TCFD physical and transition risk categories. We assume physical risks would be more prevalent within the 4-degree scenario. However, physical risks, including extreme weather events would still exist in a 2-degree scenario, but would be less severe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOUNDARY AND TIME HORIZONS: We consider our entire global real estate portfolio and our business model as a health company. We consider risks and opportunities within and beyond the 10-year time horizon used for reporting on risks and opportunities in questions C2.3 and C2.4. The geographic areas considered includes all locations where our company and its subsidiaries operate, with a focus on the United States.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INFLUENCE ON STRATEGY AND FINANCIAL PLANNING: The potential impacts related to climate-related risks and opportunities are discussed and reviewed by representatives from the company’s Risk Management and ESG teams. Environmental risks, including those associated with climate change are also an explicit risk, within the company’s enterprise risk register, which is formally reviewed on a quarterly basis. We consider a range of potential opportunities driven by physical climate risks, including changes in temperatures, precipitation patterns and sea levels. We also consider how changes in physical and transition risks could also influence a series of socioeconomic challenges and opportunities that would likely impact the delivery of health care.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESULTS: The findings from considering both qualitative and qualitative scenarios related to climate change have influenced our business strategy and planning process through our (1) establishment of the company’s targets toward carbon neutrality for Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2040, (2) identification of emissions reduction projects to support our interim 2030 targets, (3) pursuit of LEED® certification and ENERGY STAR® building ratings, and (4) investments in renewable electricity consumption.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C3.2b) Provide details of the focal questions your organization seeks to address by using climate-related scenario analysis, and summarize the results with respect to these questions.

Row 1

Focal questions

1. How will climate-related physical risks impact our business, operations, and our assets?

Results of the climate-related scenario analysis with respect to the focal questions

The potential impacts from climate-related risks and opportunities are discussed and reviewed by representatives from the company’s Risk Management and ESG teams. Environmental risks, including those associated with climate change, are also explicitly stated within the company’s Enterprise Risk Register, which is formally reviewed on a quarterly basis.

RESULTS: The findings from these qualitative and quantitative scenario analyses related to climate change informed our strategy and approach to managing climate-related risks and opportunities through our (1) establishment of the company’s targets toward carbon neutrality for Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2040, (2) identification of emissions reduction projects to support our interim 2030 targets, (3) pursuit of LEED® certification and ENERGY STAR® building ratings, and (4) investments in renewable electricity consumption.
(C3.4) Describe where and how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your financial planning.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Products and services</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Supply chain and/or value chain</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Investment in R&D**

No | The Cigna Group does not make any investments that we classify as research and development in our financial disclosures.

**Operations**

Yes | Potential risks associated with operations (including the company’s global real estate portfolio) include potential increases in the price of energy and fuel. Potential opportunities include the move to more energy efficient buildings and participating in renewable energy programs. These risks and opportunities are managed in our financial planning processes in the following ways: The Cigna Group has established 2030 carbon reduction and renewable energy targets, for which we have identified projects to support our targets. For example, in 2022, we purchased RECIs to address 100% of our electricity usage at five of our most energy intensive locations: our data centers in Connecticut, Illinois and Virginia, our largest pharmacy distribution center, and our Bloomfield, Connecticut headquarters. The Cigna Group also pursues LEED® certification and ENERGY STAR® building ratings. In 2022, approximately 15% of The Cigna Group managed and controlled sites were LEED certified. The Cigna Group continues to participate in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency’s ENERGY STAR® program with approximately 89% of managed sites tracked in the registry in 2022. Additionally, our office locations in the United Kingdom hold an ISO 50001 Energy Management System Accreditation. The potential magnitude of these risks and opportunities are currently considered to be low (in the context of the company’s current pre-tax income and net income) and difficult to accurately forecast over the next 1-10 years. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description of influence</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Row 1</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenues</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Direct costs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Indirect costs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital expenditures</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital allocation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Access to capital</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CAPITAL EXPENDITURES &amp; ALLOCATIONS:</strong> The most significant risks identified as having a potential impact to our capital expenditures are (1) the need to mitigate risks associated with increases in the cost of energy, fuel, and commodities and (2) the need to reduce the company’s operational footprint from a reputational perspective and work to meet our environmental targets. Potential opportunities associated with managing this risk include the move to more energy efficient buildings and participating in renewable energy programs. Energy efficiency opportunities often influence our decision to make capital expenditures, most notably our investments to increase the environmental efficiency of our corporate headquarters as part of a multi-year renovation. The potential magnitude of these risks and opportunities are currently considered to be low (in the context of the company’s current pre-tax adjusted income and net income) and difficult to accurately forecast over the next 1-10 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ASSETS:</strong> The company’s global real estate portfolio consists of approximately 9.8 million square feet of owned and leased properties. Many of our locations are leased and impacts to asset valuations would not be applicable. For owned properties, risks may include increases in energy prices and potential property damage associated with both acute and chronic physical risks. Opportunities may include increased value of owned assets as a result of the company’s investment in energy efficiency and resiliency measures. These risks and opportunities are managed in our financial planning processes in the following ways: The Cigna Group Global Real Estate team actively manages our environmental performance and makes strategic investments to increase the energy efficiency and resilience of owned properties. Investments include those in lighting systems, energy management systems, HVAC systems and preventative maintenance. The potential magnitude of these risks and opportunities are currently considered to be low (in the context of the company’s current pre-tax adjusted income and net income) and difficult to accurately forecast over the next 1-10 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACCESS TO CAPITAL:</strong> Increased access to capital as an additional potential climate-related opportunity. For example, The Cigna Group has been included in the Dow Jones Sustainability World Index for the past six consecutive years. The Cigna Group was also the first U.S. health insurance company to sign on to the United Nations Global Compact. We manage this opportunity through the development and advancement of annual strategic plans for our ESG program. We also invest time and resources to engage in ESG reporting, which include our responses to the CDP Climate Change request and its Supplier Module, and our annual ESG Reports using the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI), Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) and Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) frameworks and guidance. The potential magnitude of this opportunity is currently considered to be low (in the context of the company’s current pre-tax adjusted income from operations and net income) and difficult to accurately forecast over the next 1-10 years.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C3.5

(C3.5) In your organization’s financial accounting, do you identify spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization’s climate transition?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identification of spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition</th>
<th>Indicate the level at which you identify the alignment of your spending/revenue with a sustainable finance taxonomy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No, but we plan to in the next two years</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C-FS3.6

(C-FS3.6) Does the policy framework for your portfolio activities include climate-related requirements for clients/investees, and/or exclusion policies?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy framework for portfolio activities that include climate-related requirements for clients/investees, and/or exclusion policies</th>
<th>Explain why the policy framework for your portfolio activities do not include climate-related requirements for clients/investees, and/or exclusion policies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Please select</td>
<td>Not Applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C4. Targets and performance

C4.1

(C4.1) Did you have an emissions target that was active in the reporting year?

Absolute target

(C4.1a) Provide details of your absolute emissions target(s) and progress made against those targets.

- **Target reference number**
  - Abs 1

- **Is this a science-based target?**
  - No, but we anticipate setting one in the next two years

- **Target ambition**
  - Not Applicable

- **Year target was set**
  - 2021

- **Target coverage**
  - Company-wide

- **Scope(s)**
  - Scope 1
  - Scope 2

- **Scope 2 accounting method**
  - Market-based

- **Scope 3 category(ies)**
  - Not Applicable

- **Base year**
  - 2019

- **Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)**
  - 16671

- **Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)**
  - 117004

- **Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)**
  - Not Applicable

- **Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)**
  - Not Applicable

- **Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)**
  - Not Applicable

- **Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)**
  - Not Applicable
Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Total base year emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)
133675
Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1
100
Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2
100
Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>
| Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories) | <Not Applicable> |
| Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes | 100 |
| Target year | 2030 |
| Targeted reduction from base year (%) | 50 |
| Total emissions in target year covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated] | 66837.5 |
| Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | 100 |
| Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | 100 |
| Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
| Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) | <Not Applicable> |
Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)
74230

Does this target cover any land-related emissions?
No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]
88.9395922947447

Target status in reporting year
Underway

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions
We aim to become carbon neutral for Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2040. In support, The Cigna Group aims to achieve a 50% absolute reduction in Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2030 using as 2019 base year, which is our first year of data that is inclusive of the company's combination with Express Scripts and affiliates. The company's 2030 target is based on an absolute Scope 1 and 2 reductions of approximately 5% annually, which exceeds the degree of ambition advocated for science-based targets within 1.5-degree scenario using the absolute contraction method.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year
At the end of the reporting year, The Cigna Group reduced its total GHG emissions by 44% against the target. Increasing the energy efficiency of buildings in our real estate portfolio presents the greatest opportunity to reduce our operating costs from energy consumption and reduce emissions generated from our buildings thereby helping us achieve our climate goals.

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target
<Not Applicable>

C4.2

(C4.2) Did you have any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year?
Target(s) to increase low-carbon energy consumption or production

C4.2a
(C4.2a) Provide details of your target(s) to increase low-carbon energy consumption or production.

Target reference number
Low 1

Year target was set
2022

Target coverage
Company-wide

Target type: energy carrier
Electricity

Target type: activity
Consumption

Target type: energy source
Renewable energy source(s) only

Base year
2022

Consumption or production of selected energy carrier in base year (MWh)
228296

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in base year
45

Target year
2030

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in target year
100

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in reporting year
45

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]
0

Target status in reporting year
Underway

Is this target part of an emissions target?
The company’s 100% renewable electricity target directly supports our target to achieve a 50% absolute reduction of Scope 1 and 2 emissions from a 2019 baseline by 2030.

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?
RE100

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions
This target covers all of the company’s operations. To support this target, we purchased RECs addressing the equivalent of 84,839 megawatts of our electricity needs.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year
As of the end of 2022, we have sourced 28% of our global energy needs from renewable electricity. 45% of our total electricity needs are sourced from renewable electricity. We also recently conducted a solar feasibility study to identify onsite solar opportunities at The Cigna Group properties, especially at our most energy-intensive sites. Currently, our Franklin Lakes, New Jersey location has onsite solar generation capabilities. And, we continue to explore executing of long-term renewable energy procurement agreements, including power purchase agreements and green power supply contracts. In 2022, we purchased RECs to address 100% of our electricity usage at five of our most energy intensive locations: our data centers in Connecticut, Illinois and Virginia, our largest pharmacy distribution center, and our Bloomfield, Connecticut headquarters. Plus, 100% of the electricity at our colocation data center in New Jersey comes from renewable sources of energy.

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target
<Not Applicable>

C4.3

(C4.3) Did you have emissions reduction initiatives that were active within the reporting year? Note that this can include those in the planning and/or implementation phases.

Yes

C4.3a

(C4.3a) Identify the total number of initiatives at each stage of development, and for those in the implementation stages, the estimated CO2e savings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of initiatives</th>
<th>Total estimated annual CO2e savings in metric tonnes CO2e (only for rows marked *)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under investigation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To be implemented†</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation commenced†</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implemented‡</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not to be implemented</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(C4.3b) Provide details on the initiatives implemented in the reporting year in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Initiative category &amp; Initiative type</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Energy efficiency in buildings</td>
<td>Lighting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e):** 8.1
- **Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur:** Scope 2 (location-based)
- **Voluntary/Mandatory:** Voluntary
- **Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4):** 1354
- **Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4):** 64760
- **Payback period:** 4-10 years
- **Estimated lifetime of the initiative:** 3-5 years
- **Comment:** LED lighting installed at our Clayton, MO site.

(C4.3c) What methods do you use to drive investment in emissions reduction activities?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Financial optimization calculations</td>
<td>The Cigna Group engages in financial optimization calculations prior to making investments in emissions reduction activities. We consider cost-benefit analysis in addition to the potential for government credits, rebates, and other incentives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dedicated budget for energy efficiency</td>
<td>To support our energy reduction projects, some emissions reduction projects are pre-allocated in annual budgets for our manufacturing facilities.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compliance with regulatory requirements/standards</td>
<td>On an as needed basis, The Cigna Group will make investments to comply with local and state regulatory requirements.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(C4.5) Do you classify any of your existing goods and/or services as low-carbon products?

No

(C-FS4.5) Do any of your existing products and services enable clients to mitigate and/or adapt to the effects of climate change?

Please select

C5. Emissions methodology

C5.1

(C5.1) Is this your first year of reporting emissions data to CDP?

No
(C5.1a) Has your organization undergone any structural changes in the reporting year, or are any previous structural changes being accounted for in this disclosure of emissions data?

Row 1
Has there been a structural change?
No
Name of organization(s) acquired, divested from, or merged with
<Not Applicable>
Details of structural change(s), including completion dates
<Not Applicable>

C5.1b

(C5.1b) Has your emissions accounting methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition changed in the reporting year?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Change(s) in methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition?</th>
<th>Details of methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition change(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Row 1 No</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C5.2

(C5.2) Provide your base year and base year emissions.

Scope 1
Base year start
January 1 2019
Base year end
December 31 2019
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
16671
Comment

Scope 2 (location-based)
Base year start
January 1 2019
Base year end
December 31 2019
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
117032
Comment

Scope 2 (market-based)
Base year start
January 1 2019
Base year end
December 31 2019
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
117004
Comment

Scope 3 category 1: Purchased goods and services
Base year start
Base year end
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Comment

Scope 3 category 2: Capital goods
Base year start
Base year end
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Comment
Scope 3 category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 5: Waste generated in operations
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 6: Business travel
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 7: Employee commuting
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 8: Upstream leased assets
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 10: Processing of sold products
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 11: Use of sold products
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 12: End of life treatment of sold products
  Base year start
  Base year end
  Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
  Comment
Scope 3 category 13: Downstream leased assets
Base year start
Base year end
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Comment
Scope 3 category 14: Franchises
Base year start
Base year end
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Comment
Scope 3 category 15: Investments
Base year start
Base year end
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Comment
Scope 3: Other (upstream)
Base year start
Base year end
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Comment
Scope 3: Other (downstream)
Base year start
Base year end
Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Comment

C5.3

(C5.3) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or methodology you have used to collect activity data and calculate emissions.

The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Standard

C6. Emissions data

C6.1

(C6.1) What were your organization's gross global Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year
Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
14566
Start date
<Not Applicable>
End date
<Not Applicable>
Comment
Our Scope 1 emissions increased by 16% over 2021. We attribute this to an increase in our fleet vehicle usage as we saw a return to more regular travel compared to pandemic levels.
(C6.2) Describe your organization’s approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

Row 1

Scope 2, location-based
We are reporting a Scope 2, location-based figure

Scope 2, market-based
We are reporting a Scope 2, market-based figure

Comment
To track performance against our current 2030 emissions target, we use our market-based Scope 2 emissions figure.

(C6.3) What were your organization’s gross global Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year
Scope 2, location-based
86858

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)
59664

Start date
<Not Applicable>

End date
<Not Applicable>

Comment

C6.4

(C6.4) Are there any sources (e.g. facilities, specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure?

Yes

C6.4a
(C6.4a) Provide details of the sources of Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure.

Source of excluded emissions
Fugitive emissions from refrigerant leakages

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)
Scope 1

Relevance of Scope 1 emissions from this source
Emissions are not relevant

Relevance of location-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Date of completion of acquisition or merger
<Not Applicable>

Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions this excluded source represents
<Not Applicable>

Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents
<Not Applicable>

Explain why this source is excluded
According to the GHG Protocol GHG Emissions Calculation Tool, “It is customary to exclude CFCs, HCFCs, and halons from GHG inventories because they are regulated and are being phased out under the Montreal Protocol. These ozone depleting substances may be documented as memo items reported as total release of gases, but no GWPs are applied, and they do not contribute to the CO2e emissions inventory.”

Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents

Source of excluded emissions
Leases ending during the reporting period

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)
Scope 1
Scope 2 (location-based)

Relevance of Scope 1 emissions from this source
Emissions are not evaluated

Relevance of location-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
Emissions are not evaluated

Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Date of completion of acquisition or merger
<Not Applicable>

Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions this excluded source represents
<Not Applicable>

Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents
<Not Applicable>

Explain why this source is excluded
Our GHG emissions inventory does not include emissions from buildings where our lease ended and was not renewed during the reporting period.

Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents
<Not Applicable>

(C6.5) Account for your organization’s gross global Scope 3 emissions, disclosing and explaining any exclusions.
Purchased goods and services

**Evaluation status**
Relevant, not yet calculated

**Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)**
<Not Applicable>

**Emissions calculation methodology**
<Not Applicable>

**Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners**
<Not Applicable>

**Please explain**
We have begun evaluating this Scope 3 emissions category and are working to disclose in future CDP submissions and reports.

Capital goods

**Evaluation status**
Not relevant, explanation provided

**Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)**
<Not Applicable>

**Emissions calculation methodology**
<Not Applicable>

**Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners**
<Not Applicable>

**Please explain**
Our capital goods include those related to operation of facilities in our global real estate portfolio.

Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

**Evaluation status**
Relevant, calculated

**Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)**
27633

**Emissions calculation methodology**
Average data method
Fuel-based method

**Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners**
100

**Please explain**
All relevant data for this category is provided by our utility and fleet providers.

Upstream transportation and distribution

**Evaluation status**
Relevant, not yet calculated

**Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)**
<Not Applicable>

**Emissions calculation methodology**
<Not Applicable>

**Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners**
<Not Applicable>

**Please explain**
We have begun evaluating this Scope 3 emissions category and are working to disclose in future CDP submissions and reports.

Waste generated in operations

**Evaluation status**
Relevant, not yet calculated

**Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)**
<Not Applicable>

**Emissions calculation methodology**
<Not Applicable>

**Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners**
<Not Applicable>

**Please explain**
We have begun evaluating this Scope 3 emissions category and are working to disclose in future CDP submissions and reports.
Business travel
Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
10535

Emissions calculation methodology
Average data method
Distance-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
100

Please explain
Business travel for The Cigna Group global operations includes hotel stays, rail mileage, and commercial air travel mileage broken down by flight segments. All data is obtained through Carlson Wagonlit Travel, the company’s third-party booking system used across our global operations.

Employee commuting
Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
75533

Emissions calculation methodology
Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
The 2022 dataset represents U.S. and Canada based employees and includes an estimate for GHG emissions resulting from telework. As of the end of 2022, 94% of our employees are based in the United States.

Upstream leased assets
Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Our leased facilities’ natural gas and electricity emissions are in the boundary of our Scope 1 and 2 emissions.

Downstream transportation and distribution
Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Many of these emissions are reported as Scope 1 and 2 emissions from our distribution and fulfillment centers.

Processing of sold products
Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Many of these emissions would be attributable to Scope 1 and 2 emissions within our own operations.
Use of sold products

Evaluation status
Relevant, not yet calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Our downstream Scope 3 emissions sources may include those resulting from the medical services that our health care plan customers receive. However, please note that the Cigna Group typically does not provide these services. Instead, we reimburse customers and physicians for associated fees pursuant to individual plans and agreements. We have begun evaluating this Scope 3 emissions category and are working to disclose in future CDP submissions and reports.

End of life treatment of sold products

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
This source is not currently relevant to the company’s business model.

Downstream leased assets

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
We have not identified any significant emissions associated with leased assets during the reporting period as defined in the GHG Protocol’s Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard.

Franchises

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
Franchises are not applicable to our business model.

Investments

Evaluation status
Relevant, not yet calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
We have begun evaluating this Scope 3 emissions category and are working to disclose in future CDP submissions and reports.
Other (upstream)

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
We have not identified any other upstream Scope 3 emission sources at this time.

Other (downstream)

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
We have not identified any other downstream Scope 3 emission sources at this time.

C6.7

(C6.7) Are carbon dioxide emissions from biogenic carbon relevant to your organization?  No

C6.10
(C6.10) Describe your gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the reporting year in metric tons CO2e per unit currency total revenue and provide any additional intensity metrics that are appropriate to your business operations.

Intensity figure
4.11e-7

Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e)
74230

Metric denominator
unit total revenue

Metric denominator: Unit total
180516000000

Scope 2 figure used
Market-based

% change from previous year
34

Direction of change
Decreased

Reason(s) for change
Change in renewable energy consumption
Other emissions reduction activities
Change in revenue

Please explain
In 2022, our revenue increased by 4% (from $174.1 billion to $180.5 billion). The decrease in revenue intensity reflects the company's emissions reduction activities and REC purchases.

Intensity figure
0.0082

Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e)
74230

Metric denominator
square foot

Metric denominator: Unit total
9072793

Scope 2 figure used
Market-based

% change from previous year
23

Direction of change
Decreased

Reason(s) for change
Change in renewable energy consumption
Other emissions reduction activities
Change in boundary
Change in physical operating conditions

Please explain
In 2022, the square footage in our data boundary decreased ~14% (from 10.5 million to 9 million square feet). Our emissions intensity per square foot decreased by 23%. The primary contributors to decreased emissions intensity per square foot were 1) the increase of renewable energy through REC purchases, 2) implemented emissions reductions projects, and 3) the decrease in our real estate portfolio's square footage.

C7. Emissions breakdowns

C7.1

(C7.1) Does your organization break down its Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type?
Yes

C7.1a

CDP
(C7.1a) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type and provide the source of each used greenhouse warming potential (GWP).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Greenhouse gas</th>
<th>Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)</th>
<th>GWP Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CO2</td>
<td>14507</td>
<td>IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CH4</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N2O</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C7.2

(C7.2) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by country/area/region.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/area/region</th>
<th>Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>40.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>128.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</td>
<td>41.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td>14566</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C7.3

(C7.3) Indicate which gross global Scope 1 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By activity

(C7.3c) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business activity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aviation</td>
<td>3275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leased Vehicle Fleet Business Mileage</td>
<td>2695</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilities Natural Gas</td>
<td>8597</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C7.5

(C7.5) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by country/area/region.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/area/region</th>
<th>Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)</th>
<th>Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>63.6</td>
<td>17.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>20.7</td>
<td>20.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>1283.9</td>
<td>1283.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hong Kong SAR, China</td>
<td>132.1</td>
<td>132.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>709.3</td>
<td>709.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenya</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>5.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lebanon</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>42.6</td>
<td>42.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Singapore</td>
<td>20.6</td>
<td>20.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>68.5</td>
<td>51.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Arab Emirates</td>
<td>102.6</td>
<td>102.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</td>
<td>110.5</td>
<td>96.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States of America</td>
<td>84292.5</td>
<td>57176.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C7.6

(C7.6) Indicate which gross global Scope 2 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By business division
C7.6a

(C7.6a) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by business division.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Business division</th>
<th>Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)</th>
<th>Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Offices</td>
<td>33388</td>
<td>31217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back-End Pharmacy Fulfillment Sites</td>
<td>25179</td>
<td>17804</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call/Claim Centers</td>
<td>3811</td>
<td>3811</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Centers</td>
<td>17650</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clinics</td>
<td>2295</td>
<td>2295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution Centers</td>
<td>2381</td>
<td>2381</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hangars</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C7.7

(C7.7) Is your organization able to break down your emissions data for any of the subsidiaries included in your CDP response?
No

C7.9

(C7.9) How do your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined) for the reporting year compare to those of the previous reporting year?
Decreased

C7.9a

(C7.9a) Identify the reasons for any change in your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined), and for each of them specify how your emissions compare to the previous year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)</th>
<th>Direction of change in emissions</th>
<th>Emissions value (percentage)</th>
<th>Please explain calculation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change in renewable energy consumption</td>
<td>Decreased</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>In 2022, we estimate that 27,315 mtCO2e were reduced by our &quot;change in renewable energy consumption&quot;. This is based on the company's purchase of RECs/EACs. In 2021, our total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions was 107,134 mtCO2e (market-based). We arrived at -25% through: (-27315/107134) * 100 = -25% (i.e. a 25% decrease in emissions).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other emissions reduction activities</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Divestment</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisitions</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mergers</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in output</td>
<td>Increased</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>In 2022, we estimate that, had no measures been introduced or change of boundary occurred, an additional 3,962 mtCO2e would have been emitted due to &quot;Change in Output&quot;. This is based on the change in revenue from the prior year to the reporting year. In 2021, our total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions was 107,134 mtCO2e (market-based). In 2021, the company's revenue was $174,078,000,000. In 2022, the company's revenue was $180,516,000,000. We arrived at 4,040 mtCO2e through: ((180,516,000,000-174,078,000,000)/174,078,000,000) * 107,134 = 3,962 mtCO2e (i.e. a 4% increase in emissions).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in methodology</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in boundary</td>
<td>Decreased</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>In 2022, we estimate that 14,819 mtCO2e were reduced by our &quot;Change in Boundary&quot;. This is based on the reduction in square footage of the company's portfolio. In 2021, our total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions was 107,134 mtCO2e (market-based). In 2021, the operational footprint was 9,072,793 SqFt. In 2022, the operational footprint was 9,072,793 SqFt. We arrived at 14,819 through: ((9,072,264-10,529,264)/10,529,264) * 107,134 = -14,819 mtCO2e (i.e., a 14,819 mtCO2e decrease)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in physical operating conditions</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unidentified</td>
<td>Increased</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>In 2022, we estimate that, had no measures been introduced or change of boundary occurred, an additional 5,191 mtCO2e would have been emitted due to &quot;Unidentified&quot; reasons. This is based on the other factors which The Cigna Group has identified above, as well as the emissions for the reporting year. In 2021, our total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions was 107,134 mtCO2e (market-based). We have identified 42,135 mtCO2e in decreases and 4,040 mtCO2e of increases. We arrived at 5,623 through: 74,230 - (107,134 - 42,135 + 4,040) = 5,191 mtCO2e (i.e., a 5,191 mtCO2e increase)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C7.9b

Are your emissions performance calculations in C7.9 and C7.9a based on a location-based Scope 2 emissions figure or a market-based Scope 2 emissions figure?

Market-based

C8. Energy

C8.1

What percentage of your total operational spend in the reporting year was on energy?

More than 0% but less than or equal to 5%

C8.2

Select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Undertaken in Reporting Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired heat</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired steam</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cooling</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C8.2a

Report your organization’s energy consumption totals (excluding feedstocks) in MWh.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Heating value</th>
<th>MWh from renewable sources</th>
<th>MWh from non-renewable sources</th>
<th>Total (renewable and non-renewable) MWh</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks)</td>
<td>HHV (higher heating value)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>72151</td>
<td>72151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>84839</td>
<td>143457</td>
<td>228296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired heat</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired steam</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total energy consumption</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>84839</td>
<td>215658</td>
<td>300497</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C8.2b

Select the applications of your organization’s consumption of fuel.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Undertaken in Reporting Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of electricity</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of heat</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of steam</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for the generation of cooling</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consumption of fuel for co-generation or tri-generation</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C8.2c

State how much fuel in MWh your organization has consumed (excluding feedstocks) by fuel type.
Sustainable biomass

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Other biomass

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Other renewable fuels (e.g. renewable hydrogen)

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment
Coal

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Oil

Heating value
HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
24747

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Gas

Heating value
HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
47404

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment
Other non-renewable fuels (e.g. non-renewable hydrogen)

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
0

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Total fuel
Heating value
HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
72151

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

C8.2d

(C8.2d) Provide details on the electricity, heat, steam, and cooling your organization has generated and consumed in the reporting year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Gross generation (MWh)</th>
<th>Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh)</th>
<th>Gross generation from renewable sources (MWh)</th>
<th>Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electricity</td>
<td>2927</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2927</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heat</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steam</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooling</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C8.2g

(C8.2g) Provide a breakdown by country/area of your non-fuel energy consumption in the reporting year.

Country/area
Australia

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)
1

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)
0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?
No

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]
1
Country/area
Belgium
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 381
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 381

Country/area
Canada
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 763
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 763

Country/area
China
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 2046
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 2046

Country/area
Hong Kong SAR, China
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 206
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 206

Country/area
India
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 50

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 1062

Country/area
Kenya

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 85

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 85

Country/area
Lebanon

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 32

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 32

Country/area
Malaysia

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 65

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 65

Country/area
Singapore

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 53

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 53

Country/area
Spain
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 387
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 387

Country/area
Switzerland
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 76
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 76

Country/area
United Arab Emirates
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 194
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 194

Country/area
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 572
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]
572

Country/area
United States of America

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)
222421
Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)
0
Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?
No
Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0
Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0
Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]
222421

C8.2h

(C8.2h) Provide details of your organization’s renewable electricity purchases in the reporting year by country/area.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity
Belgium

Sourcing method
Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type
Renewable electricity mix, please specify (Energy Certified renewable energy product)

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)
274.98

Tracking instrument used
Please select

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity
Belgium

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?
No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)
<Not Applicable>

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)
2020

Supply arrangement start year

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity
Green-e

Comment

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity
Spain

Sourcing method
Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

Renewable electricity technology type
Renewable electricity mix, please specify (25% renewable electricity mix)

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)
96.76

Tracking instrument used
Contract

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity
Spain

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?
No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)
Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)
2021
Supply arrangement start year
Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity
Please select
Comment

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland
Sourcing method
Please select
Renewable electricity technology type
Please select
Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)
76.07
Tracking instrument used
Please select

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity
Please select
Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?
No
Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)
<Not Applicable>
Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)
Please select

Supply arrangement start year
Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity
Please select
Comment

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity
United States of America
Sourcing method
Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)
Renewable electricity technology type
Renewable electricity mix, please specify (Wind, Solar, Geothermal, certain Hydroelectric and certain Biomass electricity-generation technologies can be used in a Green-e® Energy Certified renewable energy product.)
Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)
84391
Tracking instrument used
US-REC
Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity
United States of America
Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?
No
Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)
<Not Applicable>
Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)
Please select

Supply arrangement start year
Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity
Green-e
Comment
(C8.2i) Provide details of your organization’s low-carbon heat, steam, and cooling purchases in the reporting year by country/area.

**Sourcing method**
None (no purchases of low-carbon heat, steam, or cooling)

**Country/area of consumption of low-carbon heat, steam or cooling**
<Not Applicable>

**Energy carrier**
<Not Applicable>

**Low-carbon technology type**
<Not Applicable>

**Low-carbon heat, steam, or cooling consumed (MWh)**
<Not Applicable>

**Comment**

---

(C8.2j) Provide details of your organization’s renewable electricity generation by country/area in the reporting year.

**Country/area of generation**
United States of America

**Renewable electricity technology type**
Solar

**Facility capacity (MW)**

**Total renewable electricity generated by this facility in the reporting year (MWh)**

**Renewable electricity consumed by your organization from this facility in the reporting year (MWh)**

**Energy attribute certificates issued for this generation**
Yes

**Type of energy attribute certificate**
Please select

**Comment**

---

(C8.2k) Describe how your organization’s renewable electricity sourcing strategy directly or indirectly contributes to bringing new capacity into the grid in the countries/areas in which you operate.

We’re supportive of adding new renewable electricity capacity to the grid in the countries where we operate. The Cigna Group joined the RE100 commitment in March 2022. Prior to joining the RE100 commitment, The Cigna Group already took steps towards onsite generation of solar at our Arizona and New Jersey sites. In 2022, we purchased RECs to address 100% of our electricity usage at five of our most energy intensive locations; our data centers in Connecticut, Illinois, and Virginia; our largest pharmacy distribution center; and our Bloomfield, Connecticut, headquarters. Plus, 100% of the electricity at our colocation data center in New Jersey comes from renewable sources of energy.

With investment in renewable energy technology at our owned and managed sites and procuring RECs or entering green PPAs agreements, we are gradually generating a positive contribution to the grids where we function. Investments such as these will indirectly increase capacity of green energy available for The Cigna Group and other companies to source from.

---

(C8.2l) In the reporting year, has your organization faced any challenges to sourcing renewable electricity?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Challenges to sourcing renewable electricity</th>
<th>Challenges faced by your organization which were not country/area-specific</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Row 1</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

C9. Additional metrics

---

C9.1
(C9.1) Provide any additional climate-related metrics relevant to your business.

**Description**
- Energy usage

**Metric value**
- 0.03

**Metric numerator**
- 300497

**Metric denominator (intensity metric only)**
- 9072793

**% change from previous year**
- 15

**Direction of change**
- Increased

**Please explain**
In 2022, the square footage in our data boundary decreased ~14% (from 10.5 million to 9 million square feet). We attribute the increase in energy intensity per square foot to this decrease in our square footage.

---

C10. Verification

C10.1

(C10.1) Indicate the verification/assurance status that applies to your reported emissions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scope</th>
<th>Verification/assurance status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scope 1</td>
<td>Third-party verification or assurance process in place</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scope 2 (location-based or market-based)</td>
<td>Third-party verification or assurance process in place</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scope 3</td>
<td>Third-party verification or assurance process in place</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

C10.1a

(C10.1a) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 1 emissions, and attach the relevant statements.

**Verification or assurance cycle in place**
- Annual process

**Status in the current reporting year**
- Complete

**Type of verification or assurance**
- Limited assurance

**Attach the statement**
ERMCVS CDP Climate Submission Assurance Report Cigna 2022.pdf

**Page/section reference**
- All

**Relevant standard**
- ISAE3000

**Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)**
- 100

---

C10.1b
(C10.1b) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 2 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Scope 2 approach
Scope 2 location-based

Verification or assurance cycle in place
Annual process

Status in the current reporting year
Complete

Type of verification or assurance
Limited assurance

Attach the statement
ERM CVS CDP Climate Submission Assurance Report Cigna 2022.pdf

Page/section reference
All

Relevant standard
ISO14064-1

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)
100

---

(C10.1c) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 3 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Scope 3 category
Scope 3: Fuel and energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Scope 3: Business travel
Scope 3: Employee commuting

Verification or assurance cycle in place
Annual process

Status in the current reporting year
Complete

Type of verification or assurance
Limited assurance

Attach the statement
ERM CVS CDP Climate Submission Assurance Report Cigna 2022.pdf

Page/section reference
All; ERM CVS assurance covers Scope 3 GHG emissions: 114,373 metric tonnes CO2e comprised of Category 3 - Fuel and Energy-related Activities, Category 6 - Business Travel, and Category 7 - Employee Commuting. The Cigna Group is not reporting data for other Scope 3 categories.

Relevant standard
ISAE3000

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)
100

---

C10.2
Do you verify any climate-related information reported in your CDP disclosure other than the emissions figures reported in C6.1, C6.3, and C6.5?

Yes

(C10.2a) Which data points within your CDP disclosure have been verified, and which verification standards were used?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disclosure module verification relates to</th>
<th>Data verified</th>
<th>Verification standard</th>
<th>Please explain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C4. Targets and performance</td>
<td>Progress against emissions reduction target</td>
<td>ISO14064-3</td>
<td>In The Cigna Group 2022 independent third party assurance statement, the company’s performance towards our 2030 GHG reduction target is included. ERM CVS CDP Climate Submission Assurance Report Cigna 2022.pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C6. Emissions data</td>
<td>Year on year change in emissions (Scope 1 and 2)</td>
<td>ISO14064-3</td>
<td>In The Cigna Group 2022 independent third party assurance statement, the company’s performance towards our 2030 GHG reduction target is included. ERM CVS CDP Climate Submission Assurance Report Cigna 2022.pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C8. Energy</td>
<td>Energy consumption</td>
<td>ISO14064-3</td>
<td>In The Cigna Group 2022 independent third party assurance statement, the company’s total 2022 reported energy data is also included. ERM CVS CDP Climate Submission Assurance Report Cigna 2022.pdf</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C11. Carbon pricing

(C11.1) Are any of your operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (i.e. ETS, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax)?

No, and we do not anticipate being regulated in the next three years

(C11.2) Has your organization canceled any project-based carbon credits within the reporting year?

No

(C11.3) Does your organization use an internal price on carbon?

No, and we do not currently anticipate doing so in the next two years

C12. Engagement

(C12.1) Do you engage with your value chain on climate-related issues?

Yes, our suppliers
Yes, our customers/clients
Yes, other partners in the value chain

C12.1a
(C12.1a) Provide details of your climate-related supplier engagement strategy.

Type of engagement
Information collection (understanding supplier behavior)

Details of engagement
Collect GHG emissions data at least annually from suppliers
Collect targets information at least annually from suppliers
Collect other climate related information at least annually from suppliers

% of suppliers by number
1.1

% total procurement spend (direct and indirect)
37

% of supplier-related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5

Rationale for the coverage of your engagement
The percentage of suppliers engaged is based on suppliers that have been identified as “Suppliers Under Management (SUMs)” by the company’s Third Party Management team within Global Procurement. SUMs include indirect suppliers that were selected based on relationship segmentation, criticality to our operations and risk profile. SUMs represent a majority of our indirect spend.

Impact of engagement, including measures of success
The Cigna Group uses EcoVadis to comprehensively assess our suppliers' ESG business practices, including topics across environment, labor and human rights, ethics and sustainable procurement. Suppliers must upload supporting documentation when responding to the EcoVadis Sustainability Assessment, all of which is verified by sustainability analysts. Once completed and scored, suppliers can access their strengths and improvements areas, including improvement recommendations customized to the supplier. Suppliers can also benchmark and compare their performance against peers. EcoVadis provides e-learning and best practice sharing to help suppliers implement improvement plans. Responses to the EcoVadis Sustainability Assessment and subsequent ratings provides The Cigna Group with the ability to capture a baseline of sustainability performance from critical suppliers. In addition, it provides a platform to enable corrective actions if major gaps are identified. Our initial focus is on a selected list of SUMs, and through 2022, approximately 57% of them have been rated by EcoVadis. Additionally, all SUMs are included in our Business Continuity Plan.

Comment
The above percentages are applicable to our indirect supply chain only. Our percentages decreased over 2021 as the number of indirect suppliers increased, while the number of SUMs stayed the same. The Cigna Group also maintains a Supply Chain and Drug Procurement organization that is responsible for pharmacy network contracting, pharmaceutical and wholesaler purchasing, and manufacturer rebate contracting for our pharmacy benefits business.

We also prioritize environmental stewardship within our Supplier Code of Ethics. We are working on strengthening this language in 2023.

(C12.1b) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with your customers.

Type of engagement & Details of engagement

% of customers by number
100

% of customer - related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5

Please explain the rationale for selecting this group of customers and scope of engagement
We encourage employer clients and health care plan customers to opt-in to receiving paperless Explanation of Benefits, which helps to reduce emissions from waste generation and protect the important role that forests play in carbon capturing and regulating the health of ecosystems. We also continued to empower our customers to reduce their environmental impact by providing them with the option to receive paperless statements, submit claims online and view plan information through myCigna and the myCigna® App. In 2022, we launched and defaulted digital health insurance ID cards for our employees as a first phase, and started to roll them out to all our customers in 2023. While physical cards will always be available to those who need them, we’re seeing positive results with digital IDs so far.

While not our primary objective behind the measure, we are able to help reduce Scope 3 emissions through our emphasis on virtual care. We encourage access for customers through telehealth services as a way to support the patient/doctor relationship. Our telehealth coverage not only provides the flexibility for the customer to access their own medical and behavioral providers, as well as a network of telehealth providers for urgent care needs, but also reduces carbon emissions. For example, MDLIVE offers virtual primary, urgent, behavioral and dermatological care, which is expanding access, enhancing experiences and improving affordability for customers. The Cigna Group also actively responds to RFIs and RFPs from our employer clients, providing information on our climate and energy strategy, performance, and targets. We also share information on sites in our portfolio that participate in the ENERGY STAR® program and respond to the CDP Supplier Module.

Impact of engagement, including measures of success
Measures of success include the following:
(1) As of June 2023, more than half of our members (subscribers) have opted to receive paperless statements;
(2) The Cigna Group has the largest virtual behavioral health network in the U.S. In 2022, we continued to grow our virtual network by nearly 100% to include more than 163,000 virtual behavioral health providers; and
(3) in 2022, total MDLIVE patient visits grew by approximately 20%, including substantial growth in the virtual primary care program we introduced. We also estimate that potentially approximately 8,600 metric tons of GHG emissions were avoided in 2022 as a result of patients using our MDLIVE virtual care services versus driving to and from a clinic.

(C-FS12.1b) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with your clients.
C12.1d

(C12.1d) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with other partners in the value chain.

We raise awareness about environmental stewardship among employees. We share and communicate about our annual ESG Reports and overall ESG strategy with employees through internal emails, town hall presentations, and intranet communications. We also engage employees on recycling measures to reduce Scope 3 emissions.

For example, in 2022, we:

- Introduced a new Print Decision Framework within our offices with guidance for printing. The expectation across the enterprise is for printing to become the exception rather than the norm.
- Transitioned to a new food service partner with a strong sustainability program and goals, Compass Group. We are working with Compass to implement a sustainability plan to eliminate single-use plastic, and we are developing plans to reduce and compost all pre-consumer food waste in our cafeterias.
- Reinstituted composting at our headquarters in Bloomfield, Connecticut with employees returning back to the office in higher numbers. In just three months, we composted nearly 8,000 pounds of waste.

C12.2

(C12.2) Do your suppliers have to meet climate-related requirements as part of your organization’s purchasing process?

Yes, suppliers have to meet climate-related requirements, but they are not included in our supplier contracts.

C12.2a

(C12.2a) Provide details of the climate-related requirements that suppliers have to meet as part of your organization’s purchasing process and the compliance mechanisms in place.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Climate-related requirement</th>
<th>Description of this climate related requirement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Complying with regulatory requirements</td>
<td>Our Supplier Code of Ethics includes expectations we have of vendors to mitigate their impact on climate change. To be considered a supplier, a potential vendor must read and attest that they comply with our Supplier Code of Ethics. That attestation is standard in the company’s indirect supplier contracts. As per our Code, the company’s suppliers are required to abide by all federal, state and local environmental laws and regulations. As a company whose mission is to improve the health and vitality of those we serve, we are keenly focused on the connection between planetary health and human health. We consider managing environmental risks and opportunities to be important to our business, including through our supplier sustainability efforts. As mentioned in our Code, we aim to do business with companies that are also focused on reducing energy and water consumption and lowering emissions and waste from their operations.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

% suppliers by procurement spend that have to comply with this climate-related requirement

100

% suppliers by procurement spend in compliance with this climate-related requirement

100

Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this climate-related requirement

Supplier self-assessment

Off-site third-party verification

Supplier scorecard or rating

Response to supplier non-compliance with this climate-related requirement

If a supplier does not attest to and accept The Cigna Group Supplier Code of Ethics as part of our supplier onboarding process, we will engage with the supplier to understand why before determining whether the supplier should be retained.

C12.3
(C12.3) Does your organization engage in activities that could either directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate?

Row 1

External engagement activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate
Yes, our membership of engagement with trade associations could influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate
Yes, we fund organizations or individuals whose activities could influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate

Does your organization have a public commitment or position statement to conduct your engagement activities in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
No, and we do not plan to have one in the next two years

Attach commitment or position statement(s)
<Not Applicable>

Describe the process(es) your organization has in place to ensure that your external engagement activities are consistent with your climate commitments and/or climate transition plan
Our processes to ensure that indirect activities are consistent with our overall climate change strategy are as follows: (1) Prior to entering into new affiliations or expanding the scope of current affiliations, an organization’s policy positions are among the several factors that we consider. (2) Through membership and committee participation, we are able to monitor whether their activities are consistent with our climate and energy strategy.

Primary reason for not engaging in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate
<Not Applicable>

Explain why your organization does not engage in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate
<Not Applicable>
(C12.3b) Provide details of the trade associations your organization is a member of, or engages with, which are likely to take a position on any policy, law or regulation that may impact the climate.

Trade association
Business Roundtable

Is your organization’s position on climate change policy consistent with theirs?
Please select

Has your organization attempted to influence their position in the reporting year?
No, we did not attempt to influence their position

Describe how your organization’s position is consistent with or differs from the trade association’s position, and any actions taken to influence their position
<Not Applicable>

Funding figure your organization provided to this trade association in the reporting year (currency as selected in C0.4)
300000

Describe the aim of your organization’s funding
We are committed to making health care better for all, and this includes driving improvements for a sustainable health care system. In support of these efforts, The Cigna Group actively engages with policy makers in a principle-based, nonpartisan way.

The Cigna Group is a member of several trade associations that represent the health care industry as well as the larger business community to bring about consensus on health care policy issues that can impact key business priorities. While The Cigna Group recognizes that many of the trade associations in which it participates have broad memberships with sometimes differing views, the company believes that such organizations can encourage dialogue on important policy issues, constructively engage differing perspectives and ultimately help identify shared solutions. Trade associations play a significant role in policy advocacy, and The Cigna Group believes membership in these organizations is generally consistent with the company’s interests, including those of its shareholders, clients, customers, providers and patients. All memberships in trade associations are reviewed by the General Counsel and the Chief Executive Officer, and certain dues paid to these organizations may be used to directly support lobbying activity.

Have you evaluated whether your organization’s engagement with this trade association is aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
No, we have not evaluated

Trade association
US Chamber of Commerce

Is your organization’s position on climate change policy consistent with theirs?
Please select

Has your organization attempted to influence their position in the reporting year?
No, we did not attempt to influence their position

Describe how your organization’s position is consistent with or differs from the trade association’s position, and any actions taken to influence their position
<Not Applicable>

Funding figure your organization provided to this trade association in the reporting year (currency as selected in C0.4)
200000

Describe the aim of your organization’s funding
We are committed to making health care better for all, and this includes driving improvements for a sustainable health care system. In support of these efforts, The Cigna Group actively engages with policy makers in a principle-based, nonpartisan way.

The Cigna Group is a member of several trade associations that represent the health care industry as well as the larger business community to bring about consensus on health care policy issues that can impact key business priorities. While The Cigna Group recognizes that many of the trade associations in which it participates have broad memberships with sometimes differing views, the company believes that such organizations can encourage dialogue on important policy issues, constructively engage differing perspectives and ultimately help identify shared solutions. Trade associations play a significant role in policy advocacy, and The Cigna Group believes membership in these organizations is generally consistent with the company’s interests, including those of its shareholders, clients, customers, providers and patients. All memberships in trade associations are reviewed by the General Counsel and the Chief Executive Officer, and certain dues paid to these organizations may be used to directly support lobbying activity.

Have you evaluated whether your organization’s engagement with this trade association is aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
No, we have not evaluated

C12.3c

(C12.3c) Provide details of the funding you provided to other organizations or individuals in the reporting year whose activities could influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate.

C12.4

(C12.4) Have you published information about your organization’s response to climate change and GHG emissions performance for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

Publication
In voluntary sustainability report

Status
Complete

Attach the document
2022-esg-report.pdf
We utilize the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards and TCFD to guide report content and have our emissions performance data third-party assured.

Board-level Corporate Governance Committee oversight over the company’s ESG efforts is referenced in the Proxy Statement.

We reference risks associated with natural disasters in our 2022 10-K filing.

Our Commitment to a Healthy Environment_ 3 Ways Cigna is Helping to Build a Sustainable Future _ Cigna Newsroom.pdf
Emission targets

Comment
We regularly reference our climate strategy and goals in external articles and press releases.

C12.5

(C12.5) Indicate the collaborative frameworks, initiatives and/or commitments related to environmental issues for which you are a signatory/member.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental collaborative framework, initiative and/or commitment</th>
<th>Describe your organization’s role within each framework, initiative and/or commitment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RE100: Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)</td>
<td>RE100: We committed to sourcing 100% renewable electricity by 2030, joining the global RE100 pledge in 2022.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN Global Compact</td>
<td>TCFD: We leverage the recommendations of TCFD in our annual ESG reports.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN Global Compact: The Cigna Group was the first U.S. health service company to sign on to the UN Global Compact in 2015. As a signatory, we are committed to living out the Compact’s 10 principles on human rights, labor standards, environment, and anti-corruption (business integrity) in our everyday business operations. Our annual ESG Report serves as our Communication on Progress.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C15. Biodiversity

C15.1

(C15.1) Is there board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues within your organization?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues</th>
<th>Description of oversight and objectives relating to biodiversity</th>
<th>Scope of board-level oversight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No, and we do not plan to have both within the next two years</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C15.2

(C15.2) Has your organization made a public commitment and/or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicate whether your organization made a public commitment or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity</th>
<th>Biodiversity-related public commitments</th>
<th>Initiatives endorsed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No, and we do not plan to do so within the next 2 years</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C15.3
(C15.3) Does your organization assess the impacts and dependencies of its value chain on biodiversity?

**Impacts on biodiversity**
- Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment
  - No and we don’t plan to within the next two years
- **Value chain stage(s) covered**
  - <Not Applicable>
- **Portfolio activity**
  - <Not Applicable>
- **Tools and methods to assess impacts and/or dependencies on biodiversity**
  - <Not Applicable>
- Please explain how the tools and methods are implemented and provide an indication of the associated outcome(s)
  - <Not Applicable>

**Dependencies on biodiversity**
- Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment
  - No and we don’t plan to within the next two years
- **Value chain stage(s) covered**
  - <Not Applicable>
- **Portfolio activity**
  - <Not Applicable>
- **Tools and methods to assess impacts and/or dependencies on biodiversity**
  - <Not Applicable>
- Please explain how the tools and methods are implemented and provide an indication of the associated outcome(s)
  - <Not Applicable>

---

**C15.4**

(C15.4) Does your organization have activities located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas in the reporting year?
- Not assessed

---

**C15.5**

(C15.5) What actions has your organization taken in the reporting year to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Have you taken any actions in the reporting period to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?</th>
<th>Type of action taken to progress biodiversity-related commitments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No, we are not taking any actions to progress our biodiversity-related commitments</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**C15.6**

(C15.6) Does your organization use biodiversity indicators to monitor performance across its activities?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Does your organization use indicators to monitor biodiversity performance?</th>
<th>Indicators used to monitor biodiversity performance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Please select</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**C15.7**

(C15.7) Have you published information about your organization’s response to biodiversity-related issues for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Report type</th>
<th>Content elements</th>
<th>Attach the document and indicate where in the document the relevant biodiversity information is located</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No publications</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
<td>&lt;Not Applicable&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**C16. Signoff**

**C-FI**
C16.1

(C16.1) Provide details for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP climate change response.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job title</th>
<th>Corresponding job category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chief Counsel and Corporate Secretary</td>
<td>Other, please specify (Senior Leadership Team, reports to our EVP and General Counsel (C-suite Officer))</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SC. Supply chain module

SC0.0

(SC0.0) If you would like to do so, please provide a separate introduction to this module.

As a global health company, The Cigna Group considers the management of risks and opportunities associated with climate change to be a significant aspect of our ESG framework. Our business strategy is centered on our role to serve as a champion for a sustainable health care system supporting our mission to improve the health and vitality of the people we serve. As such, we make the connection between personal health and the health of our environment. The delivery of health care has become increasingly costly, complicated, and fragmented – creating inefficiencies and gaps in care that are deleterious to patients, communities, and health care systems within our key markets. Our goal is to redefine the future of health care to create a system that connects people to the best care and medications, in the best place, at the best time. We see each person as a whole person – treating the body and mind as one to help people live their healthiest lives. And because we aren’t confined to specific care delivery models, we have the flexibility to quickly and effectively meet stakeholder needs anytime, anywhere. As we execute our enterprise business strategy, we are cognizant of our responsibility to make the connection between personal health and the health of our planet. As such, we see an opportunity to positively impact the environment through a number of ways we are advancing our business, including through our continued investment in virtual care.

To support our ESG strategy, we are focused on (1) reducing our energy, emissions and materials consumption; (2) reusing and recycling more of what we consume; (3) increasing efficiencies in all operations; and (4) engaging with our customers and key stakeholders to support our ESG framework. To execute on these initiatives, we have a Strategic Sustainability Performance Plan in place that includes formal policies on energy and water consumption, and direct and indirect carbon dioxide emissions. Additionally, to support the company’s target to be carbon neutral for Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2040, we are also prioritizing increased use of renewable electricity with a target to achieve 100% consumption by 2030.

SC0.1

(SC0.1) What is your company’s annual revenue for the stated reporting period?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Annual Revenue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>180516000000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SC1.1

(SC1.1) Allocate your emissions to your customers listed below according to the goods or services you have sold them in this reporting period.

SC1.2

(SC1.2) Where published information has been used in completing SC1.1, please provide a reference(s).

SC1.3

(SC1.3) What are the challenges in allocating emissions to different customers, and what would help you to overcome these challenges?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Allocation challenges</th>
<th>Please explain what would help you overcome these challenges</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other, please specify (lack of alignment between customers and emissions.)</td>
<td>Our Scope 1 and 2 emissions cover activities at The Cigna Group facilities, which include our corporate offices and data centers. As a service provider, the level of activity and emissions at The Cigna Group facilities does not have a high degree of correlation with the number of customers and degree of health services provided.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SC1.4

(SC1.4) Do you plan to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers in the future?

No

SC1.4b

(SC1.4b) Explain why you do not plan to develop capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers.

As a health company, it is difficult to accurately allocate our Scope 1 and 2 emissions to individual customers. Please note that our Scope 1 and 2 emissions boundary is primarily comprised of office space and data centers, for which individual consumers’ impact on energy use is unknown. Our customers’ downstream use of health care services, including doctors’ visits, prescription medications, and medical procedures occur outside the boundary of our organization.

SC2.1

(SC2.1) Please propose any mutually beneficial climate-related projects you could collaborate on with specific CDP Supply Chain members.

SC2.2

(SC2.2) Have requests or initiatives by CDP Supply Chain members prompted your organization to take organizational-level emissions reduction initiatives?

No

SC4.1

(SC4.1) Are you providing product level data for your organization’s goods or services?

No, I am not providing data

Submit your response

In which language are you submitting your response?

English

Please confirm how your response should be handled by CDP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Please select your submission options</th>
<th>I understand that my response will be shared with all requesting stakeholders</th>
<th>Response permission</th>
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<td>Yes</td>
<td>Public</td>
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</table>

Please confirm below

I have read and accept the applicable Terms